It Was From C. B. Alexander to Harjes of the Morgan House in Paris-More Testimony About Col. McCook's Efforts to Secure the Banking Firm's Ald.

More testimony in regard to the sale of the Bethlehem Steel Company to the United States Shipbuilding Company and concerning the unsuccessful efforts of those interested in the promotion of the shipbuilding combination to sell some of the bonds in France was brought out yesterday at the hearing through the further examination of George W. Perkins, one of the partners of J. P. Morgan & Co.

Mr. Perkins told of several visits to his office made by Col. John J. McCook of Alexander & Green, counsel for the company. Col. McCook wished to get the banking house to send a cable message to Morgan, Harjes & Co. in Paris regarding the Shipbuilding Company, and Mr. Perkins finally decided to send the message that was produced Tuesday. This message simply said that Mr. Schwab and others interested would be glad to have the firm of Morgan, Harjes & Co. take as "cordial" a view of the project as it deemed consistent.

Another letter produced yesterday resulted in the renewal of the controversy between counsel as to the admissibility and the propriety of publishing such documents. Mr. Guthrie, who represents Mr Schwab's interests and the defendant company, succeeded in having this letter withheld from publication, as he did a letter and copies of three cablegrams on the previous day, although they were marked for identi fication and really went into the record.

The letter produced yesterday was from Charles B. Alexander, then in Paris trying to effect the French underwriting, to Mr. Harjes of the Paris firm, and was enclosed by the latter in the letter to Morgan & Co. sent on the receipt of Mr. Perkins's cable. It was the Harjes letter over which the dispute arose on Tuesday.

The Alexander letter was produced by Mr. Perkins when he was called to the stand to resume his testimony. Francis Lynde Stetson, his counsel, said again that he saw no objection to presenting such documents. The letter was a copy, and Mr. Guthrie contended that, in spite of Mr. Perkins's identification of it, there was nothing to prove that it was a correct copy. Another ground was that it passed between third parties and was immaterial. "We protest again," said Mr. Guthrie to Mr. Untermyer sharply, "against this

method of having spread on the record such documents, and we demand that no publicity be given to it. If it is given by you to the press we shall call the matter at once to the attention of the Court." Mr. Untermyer got on his feet, and turn-Mr. Untermyer got on his feet, and turning to Examiner Olyphant, said that he had shown all the patience he could under the "dyspeptic" utterances of Mr. Guthrie. He again referred to the letters passed between himself and Mr. Guthrie regarding the propriety of Mr. Guthrie's conduct in examining Mr. Dresser, and said that Mr. Guthrie had given that correspondence to the newspapers without con-

spondence to the newspapers without con-sulting him. "That was caused by a deliberate false-hood," broke in Mr. Guthrie. "You tried to put me in a false position. We are at your mercy here."

Mr. Untermyer said that Mr. Guthrie had characterized one statement of the day before as "entirely untrue," that he was ready to go ahead under the rules of justice, but that he asked that Mr. Guthrie be stopped from stating in the record his objections to publicity, leaving it to be inferred that Mr. Untermyer wanted such publicity. Mr. Olyphant said that all he could do was to see that the remarks

of counsel went in the record.

Resuming his examination of Mr. Perkins, Mr. Untermyer asked how many times Col. McCook had visited the witness before the cable was sent. Mr. Perkins said that Col. McCook had called two or three times, the first visit being about five days before the sending of the mes-

erst applied to me as though we had an in-Mr. Guthrie objected to this testimony, and finally demanded that Mr. Perkins give his conversation with Col. McCook.

Mr. McCook wanted us to communicate with the Paris house about the company, giving information as to its origin and the properties, &c. I explained to him that we could not do so as we were not interested in the organization and it was not the custom of our firm to take part in enterprises unless we took the whole part and the whole responsibility. The second interview was along the same lines. The third time he came he asked us if we could not at least say that Mr. Schwab, Mr. Nixon and Mr. Scott, prominent men, were interested in the new enterprise and that the properties were valuable. I told him that I would think the matter over and send such a cable as I could consistently.

Mr. Perkins said that he could not recal that Col. McCook had explained why he wanted this assistance. This was in answer wanted this assistance. In was the allowed to Mr. Untermyer's question whether Col. McCook had not said that it was to help get the French underwriting through.

It came out through Mr. Untermyer's questioning that on Aug. 11, when Mr. Perkins made the deposits of \$2,100,000 in three trust companies for Mr. Dresser the companies of the arrival of th

in three trust companies for Mr. Dresser to borrow, pending the arrival of the expected money from France, Morgan & Co. received an opinion on the project from Alexander & Green. It was given, Mr. Perkins said, in accordance with a stipulation in the contract of sale of the Bethlehem company by J. P. Morgan & Co., as managers of the United States Steel syndicate, to Nixon and Dresser. This contract was made on July 2 and was to be closed on Aug. 12. Mr. Perkins produced this opinion after consulting Mr. Stetson. Mr. Guthrie objected to it and it was not made public. Mr. Untermyer wanted to know what information, if any, J. P. Morgan & Co. had had when they entered into the & Co. had had when they entered into the

ontract.

Mr. Perkins said the firm had very little, if any, and that nothing required that they should have. He added:

should have. He added:
"We were to receive the actual cash which
as syndicate managers we had advanced
and a certain amount of stock representing
the profit on the Behlehem company during the year we had held it."

"You were taking part of your pay in the securities of the United States Shipbuilding Company. What information did you have

Company. What information did you have on which you based your willingness to do that?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"So far as I know," replied Mr. Perkins, "we accepted Mr. Schwab's contract. The sale was made after an investigation of the company, but it was not made by us."

Mr. Perkins said they had got some information from Mr. Schwab, but that when they sent the cable they had no information concerning the plants and their values

they sent the cable they had no information concerning the plants and their values that he knew of. "We were not interested in the matter," explained Mr. Perkins. He said that he had met Dresser only the day he made the deposits and that he had been introduced by either Mr. Pam or Mr. Nixon. Mr. Pam, he supposed, represented the Shipbuilding Company and was not there as Mr. Schwab's representative, so far as he knew. Mr. Perkins did not remember having

any such interview as Mr. Dresser de-scribed in his testimony when he said that on the day of the sale of the Bethlehem on the day of the sale of the Bethlehem company Mr. Pam and Mr. Perkins retired into an outside room for a while. Mr. Dresser in the negotiations was regarded as president of the Trust Company of the Republic, Mr. Perkins said.

*Didn't you talk with Mr. Schwab and Mr. Pam about the deal?" asked Mr. Unterniter.

"I did not," replied Mr. Perkins: "be alise we had absolutely no interest in the shipbuilding plan."

Mr Perkins said he had not communi-

cated with Mr. Morgan, then in Europe, either. He had heard of the Harris, Gates & Co. agreement, under which Mr. Schwab's stock and the stock Morgan & Co. received were to be sold first. Mr. Steele of the firm had attended to all that, he said. Mr. Steele will be suppressed as a witness of

were to be sold first. Mr. Steele of the firm had attended to all that, he said. Mr. Steele will be summoned as a witness at the next hearing. The witness said that his firm had had nothing to do with the taking up of the loans made by the three trust companies to Dresser and that it wasn't any of the firm's affair.

Mr. Guthrie confined his cross-examination to asking if the Sheldon syndicate had not been formed to avert the failure of the Trust Company of the Republic. Mr. Perkins said he thought it might be put as strongly as that. Mr. Guthrie also brought out that the contract of sale of the Bethlehem company was drawn for J. P. Morgan & Co. by Mr. Henderson, one of the partners of Mr. Guthrie.

That ended Mr. Perkins's testimony, and he hurried off with Mr. Stetson to take a train for Chicago. The hearing was adjourned until a week from to-day. Mr. Pam was excused from testifying for three weeks yesterday, Mr. Untermyer agreeing to call Mr. Schwab first. Mr. Schwab was present at the hearing yesterday, "just for time" he arise.

to call Mr. Schwab first. Mr. Schwab was present at the hearing yesterday, "just for fun," he said.

All that Mr. Untermyer would say yesterday regarding the letter to J. P. Morgan & Co., over which the first dispute arose, was that it was "extremely unfavorable to the French underwriting." The cable despatches that passed between Col. McCook and Mr. Alexander, he said, had to do with getting J. P. Morgan & Co. to cable to France.

SUIT FOR VALUE OF STOCK BONUSES. Two stockholders, one holding common and one preferred stock of the United States Shipbuilding Company, and one bondholder filed a bill of complaint in the United States Circuit Court yesterday against the promotors of the shipbuilding company, naming J. Pierpont Morgan, George W. Perkins, C. M. Schwab, Max Pam, D. LeRoy Dresser and many others as defendants. The suit is to recover the value of all stock given as bonus, or in any other way, without consideration.

X-SCIENCE WHIST GAME. Mrs. Goldzier, Thought Compeller, Gave

Winning Team Absent Treatment. When the whist team of the Newark Bay

Boat Club of Bayonne defeated the Forest Hills four by the score of 22 to 8, recently, the friends of the Bayonne players could not understand it. They expected the Bayonne team to prove easy for the Forest Hills, who had won from the Newark Bays and tied the Cosmopolitans of New York.

It was stated yesterday that the unlooked for victory of the Newark Bays was due to "absent treatment" given by Mrs. Charles Goldzier, a young woman of 26 East Fortyfifth street. Mrs. Goldzier is an advocate of the single tax, vice-president of the Bayonne Suffrage Club and an enthusiastic Christian Scientist.

The Bayonne four are Harry Elsworth, whose father, Capt. Joe Elsworth, sailed to victory the yachts Puritan, Mayflower and

victory the yachts Puritan, Maynower and
Atlantic in races for the America's Cup;
Joseph Thomas, Frederick Seeman and
George Christie.

Mrs. Goldzier was informed by Mrs.
Alexander Christie of Avenue C and Thirtyfifth street that there were fears the Forest
Hills would defeat the Bayonne team. Mrs.
Goldzier begang deeply interested and Hills would defeat the Bayonne team. Mrs. Goldzier became deeply interested and asked for the names of the Newark Bay players, but said she did not want to know the names of the men on the other side nor the team name. The Newark Bay four were told that they were going to be subjected to the "absent treatment."

jected to the "absent treatment."

Mrs. Goldzier, when asked yesterday about her "absent treatment," said:

"I treated the players by Christian Science.
To do this, the Scientist must realize that matter has no real existence and is only of mental existence. Mind is all and has all power. In this case it was an important fact that the players knew that they were being subjected to my treatment.

"On the evening of the contest I gave but fifteen minutes to the treatment. I started at 7:45 o'clock and had to cease at 8, because I had an important engagement.

be stopped from stating in the record is objections to publicity, leaving it to be inferred that Mr. Untermyer wanted such publicity. Mr. Olyphant said that all he could do was to see that the remarks of counsel went in the record.

Resuming his examination of Mr. Perdins, Mr. Untermyer asked how many times Col. McCook had visited the witness before the cable was sent. Mr. Perdins said that Col. McCook had called two five days before the sending of the message.

Q. Did Col. McCook ask you to cable that he properties were valuable and that the personnel of the company was good? A. He text applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an intert applied to me as though we had an interted at 7:45 o'clock and had to cease at 5, because I had an important engagement to fill. If I had had more time to give, I feel satisfied, the score would have been 30 to 0, in favor of the Newark Bay four.

"I treated the Newark Bay four.

"I

then twice repeated his name. Light came then and I knew the team would be victori-

POLITICS IN RESERVOIR WORK. D. B. Hill Brought In-Counsel Says He'll

Show Influence Inspired Neglect. The names of David B. Hill, Bird S. Coler and ex-Senator Edward Murphy, Jr., were brought into the Aqueduct Commission's investigation yesterday of charges that the Jerome Park Reservoir work was wastefully and improperly done. William R. Hill, once chief engineer of the Aqueduct Commission, was on the stand.

One of the Merchants' Association charges s that the contractors were allowed to violate the specifications because of political influences behind them. John B. McDonald, one of the contractors, is a Tammany man. Counsel for the association made Engineer Hill admit that when he applied for his job his application was backed by Messrs. David B. Hill, Coler and Murphy. Counsel for Mr. McDonald fought hard to have the question excluded, but Mr. Dougherty said he proposed to show that political influence had been at work.

It was in Engineer Hill's administration cal influences behind them. John B.

It was in Engineer Hill's administration

It was in Engineer Hill's administration that the price allowed to the contractors for broken stone was raised from 50 cents to \$1.10 a ton. Mr. Hill said he raised the price because the contractor told him that he was losing money on the work. He insisted that no changes had been made other than those he had power to authorize. Prof. Burr, recalled for cross-examination, said that his commission had not reported to the Mayor the fact that wooden trestle work had been left in an embankment, because the commission had not reached that part of the work when they made their because the commission and not reached that part of the work when they made their report. Some of the questions implied that the commission had suppressed some of the results of their examination, but Prof. Burr warmly denied this.

SOUTH BROOKLYN INDIGNANT. Will Hold Mass Meeting to Protest Against

Transit Methods. Traffic conditions in South Brooklyn, Bath Beach, Bay Ridge and Fort Hamilton have so aroused the residents of Brooklyn's suburbs that committees have been appointed from the various boards of trade to arrange for a mass meeting to be held in Prospect Hall, South Brooklyn. to prepare a petition to the State Railroad Commission demanding that steps be taken to bring about better conditions on the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system in that

Brooklyn Kapid Transit system in that section of the borough.

At a meeting of the Thirtieth Ward Tax-payers' Association, held in the Hotel Belmont, Bath Beach, last night, a committee was appointed to meet the committees from the West End Board of Trade, the South Brooklyn Board of Trade and the Citizens' Association of Bay Ridge and Fort Hamilton, with instructions to do all in their power to further the plan for a monster demonstration against the existing traffic conditions.

ing traffic conditions.

The mass meeting is to be arranged to take place not later than next Friday night.

Edward H. Bonner III. Edward H. Bonner, the head of the Stock Exchange firm of E. H. Bonner & Co. of 37 Broad street was seized with pneu-monia last Saturday, and his condition was said yesterday to be serious. Mr. Bonner's home is in Bard avenue, West Brighton, Staten Island

JULIUS GERDING A SUICIDE.

SON OF VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE EMPIRE STATE REALTY CO.

Took Poison in the St. Denis Hotel-Famlly Had Not Seen Him for Several Weeks-Had Lost His Money in a Bustness Venture and Had Been Hard Up.

Julius Gerding, a son of Charles Gerding, the vice-president of the Empire State Realty Company, killed himself yesterday at the Hotel St. Denis by drinking carbolic acid. Young Gerding, who was 35 years old, went to the hotel on Monday and registered as "J. B. Williams of Philadelphia." He paid in advance and was assigned to a room on the fourth floor.

That was the last seen of him by the hotel management until yesterday noon when a chambermaid opened the room with a pass key. Gerding's body was lying on the bed fully dressed. On a table near the bed was a scaled envelope addressed "To whom it may concern." The Coroner opened the letter, which read:

My name and address is Julius Gerding of 76th street and Anthony avenue, Tremont Please notify my brother Charles Gerding, by 'phone, No. 271 J. Tremont. Please deiver letters addressed to various persons unopened, as they are only personal and concern only those to whom they are addressed. My people will take care of my body.

P. S.—I registered as J. B. Williams of Philadelphia. In my coat pocket letters spoken of above will be found.

This letter was dated Dec. 7, the day Gerding appeared at the hotel. The letters found in his coat pocket were addressed to Miss Kate Lurch of 188th street and St. Morris avenue; Mrs. R. M. Gregory and St. Morris avenue; Mrs. R. M. Gregory of 280 West Seventy-fourth street; George H. Graham, care of Galey & Lord, commission merchants, 57 Worth street and H. J. Humphries, proprietor of the Hotel Minot. Two other letters were addressed to the night clerk of the hotel and to the manager of the restaurant. These letters manager of the restaurant. These letters were all sealed and marked "personal." The Coroner will deliver them to-day.

Gerding had no money, but he had a check made out to J. B. Williams and signed by Charles E. Simon. It was drawn on the Lincoln National Bank and the writing looked very like Charles's company of the Charles's company of

the Lincoln National Bank and the writing looked very like Gerding's own. Benjamin Gerding, a lawyer, identified the body last night as that of his brother.

"I don't know why he killed himself," he said. "He had no troubles as far as I know. I nor any of the rest of the family have seen him in several weeks. In fact I thought he was in Philadelphia. He was never married and had no love affair. was never married and had no love affair as far as I know."

was never married and had ho love anair as far as I know."

From other sources it was learned that Gerding had been in need of money. A man registered at the Hotel Minot on Nov. 16 as A. C. Andrews, and there is good reason to think Andrews and Gerding were same. "Andrews" gave Proprietor Humphries a five dollar check on the Lincoln National Bank in part payment of his bill. This check was made payable to A. C. Andrews and signed Charles Gerding. The bank returned it, saying the signature didn't look right. "Andrews" said that he would make it good upon the receipt of a draft he expected from his folks, who were wealthy. He left the hotel, without saying that he was going, on Monday morning owing a two weeks' board bill.

Gerding lived with his brother Benjamin until six months ago. Since then his family

Gerding lived with his brother Benjamin until six months ago. Since then his family had seen little of him, Miss Lurch, to whom he left a letter, is a sister of Benjamin's wife. George Graham is a salesman, and Mrs. Gregory is the wife of a man who is in the commission business. She said that she hadn't any idea why Gerding left a letter to her. She met him only once, she said, four years ago.

The suicide's father lives at Croton Lake, Westchester county. Gerding received a sum of money on reaching his majority and opened a store in Broadway. He failed in this business and was left heavily in debt. About six weeks ago his family lost track of him and asked the police to send out a general alarm.

"BOSS" BUTLER GOES FREE. Missouri Supreme Court Upsets His Conviction for Bribery.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Dec. 9.-The Missouri Supreme Court to-day reversed and dismissed the case of Edward Butler, convicted of offering a bribe of \$2,500 to Dr. Henry M. Chapman of the St. Louis Board

His punishment had been fixed at three years in the penitentiary, but he took an appeal. Butler is known as the Democratic political boss of St. Louis.

Butler's conviction was obtained by Circuit Attorney Joseph W. Folk. The case grew out of allegations of fraud in the disposal of the St. Louis garbage contract.
Butler's personal newspaper organ in
St. Louis recently made the "authoritative"
prediction that Butler would be discharged

by the Supreme Court.

The grounds on which Butler's defence was based and on which he was sustained

was based and on which he was sustained by the Supreme Court were:

That Dr. Chapman was not a public officer within the law, because the Board of Health had no authority to let the garbage contract. That the date given at the trial by Dr. Chapman as that on which the bribe was offered was before the date of signing the the ordinance providing for the garbage contract, and that therefore there was no law under which he could give his vote at that time.

That the ordinance under which the contract was let is void because it provides that the Board of Health shall make a contract for public work which properly belongs to the Board of Public Improvements.

Butler is under indictment for the whole-

Butler is under indictment for the wholesale bribery of delegates in the city lighting scandal. Folk will ask that a date be set for the trial of that case. Complications are not improbable, however, by reason of the death of Judge Hockaday in that circuit and the appointment of one of Butler's leavest as Judge Hockaday's successor. lawyers as Judge Hockaday's successor.

Independents to Share Fish Market.

It was agreed yesterday that the fish market bulkhead and piers should be leased by the city to an association representing the three classes of dealers, and that this body should arrange for sub-leases not only to the organized wholesalers but to the

The Weather.

Rain and snow fell yesterday over all the country east of the Mississippi River; rain in all the Atlantic States, from southern New England southward over Florida, and snow in the rest. From Kansas westward the weather was clear. There was a storm central over Minnesota, moving into the Lake regions, attended by high winds on its western quadran; between Montana and Minnesota. There was a second disturbance of less force and magnitude central on the coast of Georgia without any definite

High winds were blowing from the northeast on the coast from Maine to New York. The temon the coast form and the coast form of the coas average humidity, 8) per cent.; barometer, cor

rected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M., 29.84; at 3 P. The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the

1903. 1902. ...39° 8° 6 P. M49° 12° 9 P. M40° 17° 12 Mld... 9 A. M..... 12 M...... 3 P. M..... WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO DAY AND TO MORROW.
For New Jersey and eastern New York, rain or

our to-day; brisk to high westerly winds; fair and For New England, rain or snow to-day; high ortherly winds; fair and colder to-morrow, ex

cept snow in eastern Maine.

For Delaware, rain to-day; brisk westerly winds; fair and colder to-morrow.

For the District of Columbia and Maryland, rain or snow to-day; fair and colder to-morrow; variable winds, mostly fresh westerly. For western New York, snow to-day; snow and colder to-morfow, except fair in southeast por-tion; fresh to brisk variable winds becoming west-

erly to-night. For eastern Pennsylvania, rain or snow to-day fair and colder to morrow; brisk westerly winds.

The Wings of the Morning

will be a welcome addition in any man's family. It has the old fashioned virtue of pleasing every one in the house. You will like the style, your wife the cleanness of the book, your boy will chuckle over the fights and your daughter will keenly enjoy the dainty love story. Everybody wants first chance at The Wings of the Morning, so perhaps you ought to buy two copies - but surely one. E. J. CLODE, Publisher, New York.

THE GEORGE JUNIOR REPUBLIC Mayor Osborne of Auburn Tells of the Good

It Has Done to Its Citizens. ITHACA, Dec. 9. - At a meeting held to-day in Barnes Hall by the Ithaca Aid of the George Junior Republic a dozen citzens of the Re public were present, some of whom captivated the large audience with their bright and witty remarks. Prof. Olmstead, president of the Ithaca Aid Society, presided at the meeting and introduced Mayor T. M. Osborne of Auburn as the first speaker.

Mr. Osborne explained in detail why the system in vogue at the George Junior Republic is the rational method of imbuing the youth with a sense of responsibility, and of bringing him up with respect for law and order that is rarely attained by the average youth. He showed the superiority of the method of personal choice, with advantage in the direction of the right, over the older and more prevalent method of forcing the child along the straight and narrow path against his will. He cited several instances to show how the George Junior Republic had

to show how the George Junior Republic had made good citizens out of errant youths by appealing to this power of personal choice after the rigorous discipline of a reform school had failed. He explained that one of the purposes of the institution was to develop individuality, and gave several examples of its efficiency along this lino.

The next speaker was William George, founder of the Republic, who is affectionately known by its citizens as "Daddy." Mr. George said that such a corporation as the Republic could only thrive through the hearty support and cooperation of its citizens. He spoke in warm terms of the great assistance his "boys" had been in securing zens. He spoke in warm terms of the great assistance his "boys" had been in securing the success of the movement, and even went so far as to say that were it not for the support that the boys had given the experiment must have failed. He said he considered that the Republic furnished the best possible training for any boy or girl. He had made his daughter a member of the Republic when she was only 6 years of age.

The Republic is a philanthropic institution founded by Mr. George in 1895 and supported by wealthy philanthropists. It re-

ported by wealthy philanthropists. It re-ceives boys and girls who have exhibited criminal tendencies between the ages of 6 and 15 years. It is a self-governing repub-lic, and has its own legislative and judicial systems, its own police force and prisons. The Republic also controls its own industries, and its rulers are all elected. During the eight years it has been established it has accomplished much, and its graduates very seldom go back to their old habits.

FEWER SHIPS UNDER OUR FLAG. Maritime Association Finds Our Foreign

Carrying Trade in a Bad Way. The Maritime Association's committee appointed to investigate ocean shipping reported progress to the association yesterday and asked for an extension of time for its investigation.

"We find," says the committee, "that, despite the quadrupling of foreign commerce. American tonnage under register has declined from 2,496,894 tons in 1861 to 873,235 last year, and that while American vessels carried 72.1 per cent. of our exports in 1861 they carried only 6.6 per cent. last

The committee also says:

The committee also says:

We find that American vessels engaging in our ocean trade are to-day compelled to meet a more serious and a more destructive competition than ever before, largely through the vast subsidies and bounties that foreign governments are now paying to their merchant ships. We realize that the purposes for which these subsidies and bounties are paid to their merchant ships by foreign governments are chiefly military—in order that there shall be available auxiliary cruisers, scouts, transports, colliers, supply ships and such other vessels, with their trained and experienced officers and men, as are essential to the uses of the Government in time of war. And we further realize that the unprecedentedly low freight rates resulting from these subsidies and bounties received by foreign merchant ships render successful and profitable competition on the part of unprotected vessels built in the United States and officered and manned by our own citizens, absolutely impossible.

KELLOGG TO SING SING AT LAST. Brains of the E. S. Dean Company Ex-

hausts the Law's Delays. James B. Kellogg, who was convicted more than two years ago on a charge of using the mails fraudently in connection with the notorious E. S. Dean Company, a "get-rich-quick" concern, now extinct, was entenced vesterday by Judge Thomas in the United States Circuit Court to eighteen months' imprisonment at Sing Sing.

"Your time has come," said Judge Thomas with great severity to Kellogg, "and as soon as ever my order can be executed you shall be in prison. I am only sorry that the punishment I can give you under the statute is so little in proportion to your deserts."

deserts."

Kellogg was the brains of the E. S. Dean Company, whose discretionary pools cost the speculating public about \$3,000,000. Kellogg and Myron L. Bernard, also of the Dean Company, were convicted on May 1, 1901. Bernard went to prison, but Kellogg gave \$15,000 cash bail and took appeal after appeal.

Kellogg was also under sentence in the State courts. His total bail, which he gave in cash, amounted to \$40,000. Yesterday

in cash, amounted to \$40,000. Yesterday his lawyers tried to get a further delay, but Judge Thomas refused it.

"You have had delays enough," he said. At 2 o'clock yesterday United States Marshal Henkel sent Kellogg to Sing Sing.

MAILED STOCK TO GEN. GREENE. 'Please Return to the Owner," Said an Unsigned Note.

About a week ago Police Commissioner Greene received by mail a large envelope containing a number of certificates of stock said to be of a par value of \$15,000. Enclosed in the envelope was this note,

"Please return these to the owner. don't want them." The certificates were turned over to Inspector McClusky, with instructions to find the owner, and, if possible, to locate the sender of the envelope. McClusky said last night that he had not as yet found either. He refused to tell what company issued the stock.

The letter sent to Gen. Greene was mailed at the General Post Office.

SAY MAN ACTS LIKE PET DOG

WOMAN WHO DOMINATES HIM, Also That He Uses Morphine and Cocaine.

AND FOLLOWS AROUND THE

Has Squandered His Money and Desires Overwhelmingly to Wind Clocks -Lunacy Proceedings by Ex-Wife Mrs. Gertrude L. Moore, the divorced

wife of Henry G. Moore, obtained from Judge Fitzgerald in the Supreme Court yesterday an order appointing three commissioners in lunacy to inquire before a Sheriff's jury into Moore's sanity Mrs. Moore, who obtained a divorce in Philadelphia in 1902, with alimony of \$4,000 a year, got a judgment against her huspand for non-payment of alimony and

subsequently had him examined in supplementary proceedings, whereat he declared that he was as poor as a church mouse Mrs. Moore says that he has an interest in his father's will that yields him \$15,000 a year and has other money besides, but that he has allowed himself to come completely under the influence of a woman known as Anna Deegan or Anne Belmont with whom he lives, and that owing to her domination over him he is practically pen-niless notwithstanding his large income. niless notwithstanding his large income.

Mrs. Moore says that her husband is
54 years old and has lived at 169 West
Forty-eighth street for the last fifteen
months. He is a son of Andrew M.
Moore of Philadelphia, who died in 1898
leaving an estate valued at over \$2,000,000.
Mrs. Moore, who is now living at 100 West
Seventy-fourth street, alleges that he is
incapable of managing his property, that
he is a victim of drugs and that owing
to the Deegan woman's influence he has
no money to handle. Mrs. Moore adds
that she believes that he had dissipated
a large amount of his fortune and that
in July, 1902, he was induced to sell his in July, 1902, he was induced to sell his one-third residuary interest in his father's estate and one-third of his income for \$94,000 cash, all of which, she believes, he

has squandered or given away.

Lila C Moore, the daughter, says that
she saw her father last year and that she she saw her father last year and that she believes him to be insane. She says that he walks the floor day and night, drugs himself inordinately and follows the Deegan woman around like a dog. He thinks that he is constantly subject to danger but bears a charmed life. He also eats to excess and is possessed of an overwhelming desire to wind clocks.

Dr. W. Jacobson of 120 West Ninety-eighth street makes affidavit that he has attended Moore and that the latter is excessively addicted to the use of morphine.

cessively addicted to the use of morphine cocaine and codeine, and that he has de-lusions such as Miss Moore describes. Dr. Jacobson adds that Moore is a nervous wreck and that, though of a jealous dis-position, he follows the Deegan woman around the house like a pet dog

NEEDLE IN HIS ELBOW JOINT. Mooney Has It Cut Out and Seems to Enjoy the Operation.

Edward Mooney of 66 Chambers street, walked into the Hudson street hospital last night and said there was a needle in his right elbow. The doctors couldn't find it until they used the X-ray machine. That showed that the needle was sticking in the joint.

Drs. Gould, Teague and Riggins cut the needle out. Mooney displayed great nerve, chewing gum and smiling as though he enjoyed the operation. The needle had been in his arm since Friday last.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC-THIS DAY.
Sun rises.....7:13 | Sun sets......4:33 | Moon rises.11:32
HIGH WATER-THIS DAY. Sandy Hook.11:32 Gov. I'd 12:04 Hell Gate ... 1:57 Arrived -WEDNESDAY, Dec. 9.

Arrived—WEDDEBDAT, Dec. 9.

SS Oceanic, Liverpool, Dec. 2.

SS Doña Maria, Oporto, Nov. 21.

SS Athos, Cape Hayti, Nov. 21.

SS Athos, Cape Hayti, Nov. 21.

SS El Alba, Galveston, Dec. 8.

SS El Alba, Galveston, Dec. 5.

SS Klowa, Jacksonville, Dec. 5.

SS North Star. Portland, Dec. 8.

SS James S. Whitney, Boston, Dec. 8.

SS Ardandearg, Philadelphia, Dec. 8.

SS Bluefields, Baltimore, Dec. 7.

Ship Acme, Honolulu, July 14.

Bark Ole Smith Ploug, Santa Cruz, Nov. 7.

SAILED FROM FOREIGN PORTS. Ss Teutonic, from Liverpool for New York. Ss Main, from Bremen for New York. OUTGOING STEAMSHIPS.

Sail To day

La Champagne, Havre Lahn, Naples Moltke, Hamburg Moltre, Hambilg, Siberian, Glasgow, Liguria, Naples, Monterey, Havana, Niagara, Tampico, Amazonense, Para Parima, Barbados, El Norte, Galveston, Apache, Charleston, Jefferson, Norfolk Silvia, Newfoundland ... 9 30 A M Ortzaba, Nassau ... 12 00 M Hamilton, Norfolk ... Sail Saturday, Dec. 12 Sall Saturday, Dec. 12
St. Louis, Southampton... 6 00 A M
Campania, Liverpool... 7 30 A M
Vaderland, Antwerp... 8 30 A M
Minnetonka, London.
British Empire, Antwerp.
Idaho, Huil...
Morro Castle, Havana... 10 00 A M
Pretoria, Bermuda... 8 30 A M
Caracas, Venezuela... 8 30 A M
Santuree, Porto Rico... 9 00 A M
Tropic, Argentina... 9 00 A M Santurce, Porto Rico.
Trople, Argentina.
Grenada, Grenada.
Kaffir Prince, Pern'buco.
Altal, Jamalca.
Athos. Hayti.
Skule, Brazil.
Olinda, Havana.
El Monte, Galveston
Colorado, Brunswick.
Monroe, Norfolk.

INCOMING STEAMSHIPS. Barbados.
Dunkirk.
Clenfuegos.
Naples.
Bremen
Glasgow.
Stettin
Jacksonville
Bermuda Bellenden... Kentigern... Cienfuegos. Liguria... Chemnitz... Ethiopia... Fiorida... Bermuda. Hamburg. Barbados. Lampasas. El Siglo... Galveston..... New Orleans.. Due To-morrow La Savole. Norge.... Tiberlus... Arapahoe. Amsteldyk. El Mar Fontabelle Cadiz..... Swansca. Galveston Due Monday, Dec. 4. Liverpool... Seville New Orleans.

Court of Appeals Calendar.

RED TOP RYE GOOD WHISKEY

It's up to YOU FERDINAND WESTHEIMER & SONS
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New Institutes will be opened in other Cities from time to time as opportunity offers Executive Office: 170 Broadway, New York.

BEGGED FROM WELL KNOWN MEN. BOY COINER SAYS HE'LL BE GOOD wo of a Panhandlers' Syndicate Sent to

James H. Alexander Daniel Appleton

the Island, a Third Agrees to Work. Two professional beggars who have obtained money from many men prominent in Wall Street were sent to the Island for six months by Magistrate Cornell in the Jefferson Market police court yesterday. A third was discharged upon his

promise to find work. According to twelve detectives and an amateur criminologist who appeared as witnesses for the prosecution, the three men were part of a gang who worked under George Howard, alias Beach, alias "Blinker," who was sent to the Island for six months on Sept. 3.

The prisoners were George Littlejohn known as Middleton or the "ex-cop;" John Collins, who is "Shy Tim" to others of his trade, and John Plunkett. The last named was the prisoner who was discharged. At the time of their arrest on Dec. 7, by Detective Daniel Farrel of the Mercer street station, a fourth member of the gang, who is known to the police as the "dogfaced man," escaped.

This list of victims and proceeds was produced in evidence.

william C. Whitney, \$20: Magistrate Barlew, \$10: Mrs. Bennett of 27 South Portland v nue, Brooklyn, \$5: R. R. Limburger of Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., \$5: Pancoast & Rogers, \$2, for which Littleton gave a receipt; C. M. Strong of 52 Broadway, \$2: Frederick Lewis of 22 West Thirty-eighth street, \$10; William Spencer of the American Dock Company, \$5: Mr. Landerman of 96 Broadway, \$2: William B. Leeds, \$2: D. G. Reid, \$5 and a suit, and Howard P. Frothingham of 2 Wall street, and Mr. Butterfield of 5 West Sixteenth street, unknown amounts.

unknown amounts.

Officer Flynn of the Charities organization vagrancy squad acting as spokesman for six of his associates, told the Magistrate that the three prisoners had collected large amounts of money in the downtown office buildings. They excited pity, he said, by displaying real or assumed infirmities, or sometimes got money by telling a hard luck tale and asking for work. They sometimes went to private houses to ask for money or clothes, representing themselves to be sent by the owners whom they had just seen at their offices.

James H. Grant of West Orange, N. J., who was arrested in this city on Nov. 25, on a charge of abducting Madeline Schlamp of the same town, and who was honorably discharged by Magistrate Pool three days later, writes to The Sun that his arrest was the result of his efforts to help the girl and to take her away from unfit surround-ings. When he was arrested, he had come to this city, he says, in answer to a letter

Fire Island Life Saver Drowned. FIRE ISLAND, Dec. 9 .- Surfman Charles A. Church of Mecox life saving station,

from the girl saying that she was sick. was drowned this morning, while doing patrol duty. He had to cross Fire Island inlet in a boat at daylight. The boat was found overturned on the bar.

And Cast No More Lead, Nickels in Burnt-Wood Moulds.

Eddie Drennan, the original and only member of the "gang" of counterfeiters that had infested a place in Sullivan county called Westbrookville, pleaded guilty yesterday in the United States District Court here to making five counterfeit nickels for a joke."

As the boy is only 15, Judge Thomas deferred sentence until the June term, and if

rerred sentence until the June term, and if Eddy behaves he will get off scot free.

Eddie was arrested by three Scoret Service men about five weeks ago on the complaint of Deacon Gene Rhodes, the general storekeeper of Westprookville. Eddie admitted that he had passed some of his crude nickels on Rhodes. He made moulds by burning out a piece of board with hot nickels.

mickels.

"But," said he, "I didn't think there were any such fools as would take such nickels. I guess they took them because they had it in for me." In a statement issued to the press Eddie said he would never again make counter-feit money, even for a joke. "The teamster business for mine," said he.

WILL THAT WAS NO WILL. Beebe's \$416,000 Left to Be Divided as

if He Were Intestate. This was filed vesterday for probate as he will of Archibald N. Beebe: I. Archibald N. Beebe of the city and State of New York hereby appoint my wife, Anna

F. Beebe, sole executrix of my estate. The witnesses to the document, which was executed on Nov . 22 last, were M. Belle Brown, M. D., Arthur S. Chittenden, M.D., and Robert L. Shape. The petition for pro-bate shows that Mr. Beebe was worth that the three prisoners had collected large amounts of money in the downtown office buildings. They excited pity, he said, by displaying real or assumed infirmities, or sometimes got money by telling a hard luck tale and asking for work. They sometimes went to private houses to ask for money or clothes, representing themselves to be sent by the owners whom they had just seen at their offices.

P. A. Conover, a buyer for F. H. Dodge & Co., qualified as a witness as an expert criminologist, and told of his observations of the men's work. Half a dozen detectives from the Mercer street station appeared as witnesses for the prosecution.

Mr. Grant Explains His Arrest.

James H. Grant of West Orange, N. J.,

DUTCH LAWYER IN BELLEVUE. Wandered Around the Grand Central Ask-

ing Who'd Seen His Friend. A young man who said he was Adolphus Druckler, a lawyer, recently arrived from Holland, went around in Forty-second street near the Grand Central Station yesterday and asked people he met if they had seen his friend. A policeman sent him to Flower Hospital and he was later taken psychopathic ward at Bellevue

Druckler went to the Grand Union Hotel three weeks ago and left a week ago. He gave as a reference G. P. Kievenaar of William Gallatin Carroll & Co. of 40 Wall



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